

[Public
Interest
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Initiative]

Australian News Data Report

Monthly issue
October 2024

Australian News Data Report: October 2024

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For the data which informs this report, please visit:

<https://piji.com.au/research-and-inquiries/our-research/anmp-data/>

For more information about the Australian News Data Project, please visit:

<https://piji.com.au/research-and-inquiries/our-research/anmp/>

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AUSTRALIAN NEWS DATA REPORT

Monthly issue | October 2024

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1 Overview

The [Australian News Data Report](#) is a monthly analysis of information about news production in Australia drawn from three ongoing projects:

- **Australian News Index (ANI)** is the national database of newsrooms and changes to news production
- **Australian News Mapping Project (ANMP)** plots news producers according to their locations, coverage geographies and the characteristics of each business
- **Australian News Sampling Project (ANSP)** assesses news output by specific geographic location/s to understand the local character and quantity of public interest journalism production and produces each as a case study

This report is part of PIJI's continued commitment to ensuring an evidence-based approach to building sustainable public interest journalism production in Australia.

The catalogue of PIJI's previous reports and data is available [on our website](#).

Further detail about the project, including eligibility, definitions and a methodology for categorising changes, can be found in Section 3: Methodology. We do not presume that this is complete data, but we do believe that this is the most comprehensive record of its kind.

This issue presents monthly results as at 31 October 2024.

Feedback

As always, our research is made more rigorous with contributions from industry and the public. We welcome your feedback. To submit or correct data in this report, please [complete this online form](#) or email research@piji.com.au.

[Australian News Data Report]

Monthly results: October 2024

2 Australian News Mapping Project

The [Australian News Mapping Project \(ANMP\)](#) provides a geographic view of the health of public interest journalism in Australia.

The project was first launched in April 2020 to [track changes](#) in news production during COVID-19. This mapping has since expanded to include public interest journalism production by distribution format - print, digital, radio and television - and by scale: community, local, metropolitan, state/territory and national levels.

Baseline data is [visualised by local government areas \(LGA\)](#).

Further detail about the project, including eligibility, definitions and a methodology for categorising changes, can be found in Section **Error! Reference source not found.**: Data eligibility.

Data is publicly available for the community, industry and government to engage with and to form an evidence base for media policy and reform.

We do not presume that this is complete data, but we do believe that this is the most comprehensive record of its kind.

2.1 Monthly results: October 2024

As of 31 October 2024, the Australian News Index lists 1,226 print, digital, radio and television news outlets of community, local, metropolitan, state/territory or national primary coverage. Table 1 provides the breakdown of outlets according to their primary format and scale.

| | Community | Local | Metro | State | National | Total |
|--------------|-----------|-------------|-----------|----------|-----------|-------------|
| Print | 69 | 457 | 7 | 4 | 12 | 550 |
| Digital | 7 | 155 | 5 | 4 | 48 | 219 |
| Radio | 0 | 404 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 405 |
| Television | 0 | 50 | 0 | 0 | 2 | 52 |
| Total | 76 | 1067 | 12 | 8 | 63 | 1225 |

Table 1: Active news outlets, 31 October 2024.

2.1.1 Market changes, October 2024

Six changes were observed in the reporting month.

| # | Outlet | | Description of change | Effective date |
|---|--------------------------------------|-----|-----------------------|----------------|
| 1 | The Barcoo Independent | QLD | ● Outlet reopened | 04/10/2024 |
| 2 | Broken Hill Times | NSW | ● New outlet | 25/10/2024 |
| 3 | Dungog Shire News of the Area | NSW | ● New outlet | 02/10/2024 |
| 4 | Gloucester District News of the Area | NSW | ● New outlet | 02/10/2024 |
| 5 | High Country Herald | QLD | ● Outlet closed | 14/10/2024 |
| 6 | Tennant Creek Today | NT | ● New outlet | 03/10/2024 |

Table 2: Market changes, October 2024.

The Barcoo Independent reopened less than a month after publishing their final edition in September 2024. The operating entity, Blackall Newspaper Group Inc, reached an arrangement with Blackall-Tambo Regional Council in which council would print The Barcoo Independent as well as cover the cost of labour and materials, allowing the outlet to continue publishing fortnightly, with the intention to return to weekly publication in 2025.¹

Broken Hill Times² is a new weekly newspaper from the Elliott Newspaper Group. It is the only local newspaper published in the city of Broken Hill and the first since the closure of Barrier Truth in April 2024.³

Dungog Shire News of the Area⁴ and Gloucester Shire News of the Area⁵ are weekly local newspapers launched by Myall Coast Communications in October 2024.

High Country Herald was a local newspaper covering Toowoomba, Queensland. PIJ has been told its 14 October edition was its last and that the outlet has now closed.

Tennant Creek Today⁶ is a new weekly newspaper published by the Today News Group, covering the Barkly Region. NT News is the only other newspaper currently covering Barkly Region after the closure of Tennant & District Times in August 2024.

¹ The Barcoo Independent. 2024. *Council throws The Barcoo Indy a lifeline*. <<https://www.thebarcooindependent.com.au/past-editions/page/2/>>

² Broken Hill Times. <<https://www.bhtimes.com.au>>

³ Connor C, McConnell S, and Mercer J. 2024. *Broken Hill's union-run newspaper the Barrier Truth announces closure after nearly 130 years*. ABC News. April 18. <<https://www.abc.net.au/news/2024-04-18/barrier-truth-broken-hill-union-independent-newspaper-shuts-down/103739834>>

⁴ News of the Area. *Dungog Shire News of the Area 2 October 2024*. <<https://www.newsofthearea.com.au/dungog-shire-news-of-the-area-2-october-2024>>

⁵ News of the Area. 2024. *Gloucester District News of the Area 2 October 2024*. <<https://www.newsofthearea.com.au/gloucester-district-news-of-the-area-2-october-2024>>

⁶ Tennant Creek Today. <<https://tennantcreektoday.com.au>>

2.1.2 Other changes to news outlet records

Eighteen changes were made to outlet records. This table does not include changes made to news entity records, which are reported separately in section 2.1.3.

| # | Outlet | | Description of change | Effective date |
|----|--|-----|-----------------------------|----------------|
| 1 | 963 AM | WA | ○ Removed from the database | 31/12/2018 |
| 2 | Campus Morning Mail | N/A | ● Outlet closed | 16/06/2024 |
| 3 | Douglas News Network | QLD | ● Outlet closed | 08/01/2024 |
| 4 | Gresford News | NSW | ○ Corrected scale | 31/12/2018 |
| 5 | Kangaroo Valley Voice | NSW | ○ Corrected scale | 31/12/2018 |
| 6 | The Kentish Voice | TAS | ○ Corrected scale | 31/12/2018 |
| 7 | Kuranda Paper | QLD | ○ Corrected scale | 31/12/2018 |
| 8 | Mangrove Mountain & Districts Community News | NSW | ○ Corrected scale | 31/12/2018 |
| 9 | The Manning Community News | NSW | ● Outlet closed | 30/06/2024 |
| 10 | The Mid-Hunter News | NSW | ○ Name change | 24/05/2024 |
| 11 | myGC.com.au | QLD | ○ Removed from the database | 31/12/2018 |
| 12 | The Northern Courier | TAS | ○ Name change | 26/02/2024 |
| 13 | The Orange News Examiner | NSW | ● Outlet closed | 24/02/2024 |
| 14 | The Pineapple | QLD | ● New outlet | 18/05/2024 |
| 15 | Prom Coast News | VIC | ● New outlet | 18/09/2024 |
| 16 | Tamborine Times | QLD | ● Outlet closed | 16/04/2024 |
| 17 | Tennant & District Times | NT | ● Outlet closed | 16/08/2024 |
| 18 | Triple M Southwest 900 | WA | ○ Various corrections | 31/12/2018 |

Table 3: Other changes to outlet records, October 2024.

963 AM has been removed from PIJ's database as it was a duplicate of the Triple M Southwest 900 outlet record. 963 AM is a former name of this radio station, not a separate outlet.⁷

Campus Morning Mail was a news website covering tertiary education news and policy at a national scale. It published its final edition in June 2024.⁸

⁷ Media.info. *Triple M Southwest*. <<https://media.info/radio/stations/triple-m-southwest>>

⁸ Campus Morning Mail. 2023. *CMM over and out*. June 16. <<https://campusmorningmail.com.au/cmm-over-and-out/>>

Douglas News Network, a local news website servicing Douglas Shire, posted its final story in January 2024⁹ and has since also become inactive on social media.

The Manning Community News was a monthly community newspaper covering the Manning Valley on the Mid North Coast of New South Wales. Its final edition was published in June 2024.¹⁰

The Branxton Greta Vineyard News was renamed to The Mid-Hunter News in May 2024.

myGC.com.au has been removed from the database as it was not a separate outlet but the former website of 102.9 Hot Tomato. The website is now inactive.

The Northern Midlands Courier was renamed to The Northern Courier in February 2024.

The Orange News Examiner was a local news website launched in January 2022. It switched from a free ad-supported model to a subscription model in February 2024 and has since stopped publishing.

The Pineapple¹¹ is a news website launched in May 2023 covering stories from across Queensland, with a particular focus on Gympie Regional Council. Though it has been operating for over a year, it started consistently producing public interest journalism in recent months and has been added to PIJ's data.

Prom Coast News is a new independent monthly newspaper launched in September 2024 covering many townships across South Gippsland. Prom Coast News plans to increase its publication frequency to weekly in 2025.¹²

Tamborine Times was an independent fortnightly newspaper covering Queensland's Tamborine Mountain. It published its final edition in April 2024¹³.

Tennant & District Times was a local weekly newspaper which closed in August 2024.¹⁴

Various corrections were also made as part of PIJ's ongoing data review:

- The scale of Gresford News, Kangaroo Valley Voice, The Kentish Voice, Kuranda Paper, and Mangrove Mountain & Districts Community News has been changed from local to community.
- 900 AM Radio West's name has been changed to Triple M Southwest 900, Bunbury RA1 broadcast area and callsign 6TZ were added, and the local government areas of Bunbury, Harvey, Dardanup, Capel, Margaret River, Collie, and Busselton were added to its coverage.

⁹ Hull, C. 2024. *Psephological bomb awaits PM*. Douglas News Network. January 8. <<https://douglasnews.network/2024/01/08/opinion-psephological-bomb-awaits-pm/>>

¹⁰ Morrissey, D. 2024. *This is goodbye...* June. The Manning Community News. <<https://manningcommunitynews.com/wp-content/uploads/2024/06/Manning-Community-News-June-2024-final.pdf>>

¹¹ The Pineapple. <<https://thepineapple.net.au>>

¹² Schultz, C. 2024. *Welcome to the Prom Coast News*. August 29. Prom Coast News. <<https://www.promcoastnews.org.au/coming-soon/>>

¹³ Tamborine Times. <<https://tamborinetimes.com.au>>

¹⁴ Australian Rural & Regional News. *Tennant & District Times*. <<https://arr.news/directory/tennant-district-times/>>

2.1.3 Changes to news entity records

Sixteen entity records were updated in October.

| # | Outlet | | Description of change | Effective date |
|----|--|-----|-----------------------------|----------------|
| 1 | APN Educational Media Pty Ltd & Royal College of Nursing | NSW | ○ Deleted from the database | 31/12/2018 |
| 2 | Blackall Newspaper Group Inc. | QLD | ○ Readded to the database | 04/10/2024 |
| 3 | Campus Morning Mail Pty Limited | NSW | ○ Deleted from the database | 16/06/2024 |
| 4 | Core Publishing and Events Pty Ltd | QLD | ○ Linked outlet | 31/01/2024 |
| 5 | Elliott Newspaper Group Proprietary Limited | VIC | ○ Linked outlet | 25/10/2024 |
| 6 | The Manning Community News Pty Ltd | NSW | ○ Deleted from the database | 30/06/2024 |
| 7 | Myall Coast Communications Pty Ltd | NSW | ○ Linked outlets | 02/10/2024 |
| 8 | Nationwide News Pty. Limited | NSW | ○ Linked outlet | 31/12/2018 |
| 9 | The Pineapple Association Incorporated | QLD | ○ Added to the database | 18/05/2023 |
| 10 | Prom Coast News Group Incorporated | VIC | ○ Added to the database | 18/09/2024 |
| 11 | Proudman, Barbara Lynda | QLD | ○ Deleted from the database | 16/04/2024 |
| 12 | SA Today Pty Ltd | SA | ○ Linked outlet | 3/10/2024 |
| 13 | The Trustee for Law Family Trust | NSW | ○ Deleted from the database | 01/01/2023 |
| 14 | The Trustee for the Kingon Family Trust | QLD | ○ Deleted from the database | 14/10/2024 |
| 15 | The Trustee for the Regional Media Unit Trust | NSW | ○ Added to the database | 01/01/2023 |
| 16 | The Trustee for Zanari Family Trust | NT | ○ Deleted from the database | 16/08/2024 |

Table 4: Changes to news entity records, October 2024

APN Educational Media Pty Ltd & Royal College of Nursing was the entity operating Campus Review before the sale of APN News & Media Limited's Australian holdings to News Corporation in 2016.¹⁵ Since then, Campus Review has been operated by Nationwide News Pty Ltd.

Blackall Newspaper Group Inc has been readded to the database alongside its outlet, The Barcoo Independent, less than a month after both were deprecated in September.

Campus Morning Mail Pty Limited has been deleted following the closure of Campus Morning Mail.

Core Publishing and Events Pty Ltd has been linked as the operating entity of Burdekin Life.

Elliott Newspaper Group Proprietary Limited is the publisher of new Broken Hill newspaper, the Broken Hill Times.

¹⁵ Australian Competition & Consumer Commission. 2016. *News Corporation – proposed acquisition of APN News & Media Limited's Australian Regional Media division – ARM*. <<https://www.accc.gov.au/public-registers/mergers-registers/public-informal-merger-reviews-register/news-corporation-proposed-acquisition-of-apn-news-media-limiteds-australian-regional-media-division-arm>>

The Manning Community News Pty Ltd has been removed following the closure of The Manning Community News.

Two new outlets launched in October, Dungog Shire News of the Area and Gloucester District News of the Area, have been linked to Myall Coast Communications Pty Ltd as their operating entity.

The Pineapple Association Incorporated has been added to the database as The Pineapple's operating entity.

The local newspaper Prom Coast News is operated by the newly added entity Prom Coast News Group Incorporated.

Proudman, Barbara Lynda has been removed from the data following the closure of Tamborine Times.

SA Today Pty Ltd is operating entity of new Today News Group newspaper, Tennant Creek Today.

The Trustee for Law Family Trust has been removed from the database and been replaced by The Trustee for the Regional Media Trust as the operating entity of The Bugle.

The Trustee for the Kingon Family Trust has been deleted following the closure of High Country Herald.

The Trustee for Zanari Family Trust has been deleted from the database following the closure of its outlet, Tennant & District Times.

3 Methodology

The Australian News Data Project (ANDP) is an ongoing effort to collect, generate and provide information on the Australian news media landscape. Data is actively maintained and reported on a monthly basis.

Eligibility criteria

For inclusion in the ANDP, a news outlet should primarily and regularly produce: (i) original public interest journalism for (ii) a local, metropolitan, state or national (iii) public audience, and (iv) adhere to identifiable professional and ethical standards. Each of these expectations are discussed below.

i. Public interest journalism

The definition of public interest journalism which we have adopted for these projects is:

original content that records, reports or investigates issues of public significance for Australians; issues relevant to engaging Australians in public debate and in informing democratic decision making, or content which relates to community and local events.

These criteria align closely to earlier definitions of public interest journalism, such as that developed by the Australian Competition and Consumer Commission in the [Digital Platforms Inquiry](#). It reflects the importance of community news as reflected in the definition of core news legislated through the [News Media Bargaining Code](#).

ii. Local, metropolitan, state or national

News outlets provide coverage for geographic areas of different sizes. Every news outlet in this project assigned one of the below 'primary coverage scales':

- Local: primarily cover a small geographic area, from a single town or local government area up to a sub-state region.
- Metropolitan: have a coverage area which includes an entire capital city. News outlets in this category tend to cover news over a large geographic area and provide irregular attention to any single place, unlike local news outlets. Some companies have outlets in both this category and related outlets at the local scale, reflecting both the city-wide and dedicated local coverage produced by the relationship of these outlets to each other.
- State/territory: primarily cover news from across an entire state or territory. Any local news tends to be reactive or illustrative of a larger issue facing the state or territory.
- National: tend to focus on news which affects the entire country, such as federal politics or the economy.

Some outlets are recorded as having a community primary coverage scale. See below for more detail on the eligibility criteria of community news.

iii. A public audience

To be eligible, news content should be published to a public audience, meaning that it is readily available to any person who wishes to access it. This does not preclude a company from charging a fee for access to the content, but it should not otherwise be limited through, for example, requiring a person to be a member of an association or industry.

iv. Professional and ethical standards

Journalism is a process of finding out information, verifying it and applying editorial judgment. It is characterised by professional values including independence and fairness. News outlets must adhere to identifiable professional and ethical standards.

An outlet will satisfy this test if it is subject to the rules of one of the following:

- The [Australian Press Council](#) or the [Independent Media Council](#)
- The [Commercial Television Industry Code of Practice](#)
- The [Commercial Radio Code of Practice](#)
- The [Subscription Broadcast Television Codes of Practice](#)
- Is publicly committed to substantially equivalent editorial standards relating to the provision of quality journalism

An important ethical standard is that news outlets have editorial independence from the subjects of their news coverage. This means that they are not owned or controlled by a political advocacy organisation (such as a political party, lobby group or union); and not owned or controlled by a party that has a commercial interest in the coverage being produced (for example, a publication that covers a sport that is owned or controlled by the sport's governing body).

This does not include the inherent commercial interests a news company may have in the production of content. It describes where such coverage may give rise to a conflict of interest which disadvantages or misleads the public audience.

Community news organisations

Some outlets are tagged as community scale news producers, rather than local. These outlets have different characteristics to other news producers, but nevertheless can fill an important role in a local news ecosystem.

These outlets tend to be non-commercial and produced by volunteers, sometimes without journalistic training, and covering hyperlocal issues such as social events, profiles of individuals in town, and local history. They are often produced by a local institution such as community centre or civic organisation.

The community scale option is intended to reflect these outlets, which do not provide the depth, consistency or professionalism of local news outlets, but which are important parts of community news provision. We do not apply the requirement to adhere to professional and ethical standards to these outlets, though we do require that they be independent of local government or other interests like chambers of commerce or tourism boards.

Despite sharing a common term, the community radio sector is categorised as local scale as it is regulated through its broadcast licence agreements with the Australian Communications and Media Authority and adheres to a set of professional standards.

Local coverage geographies

News outlet geographies are determined differently depending on the type of outlet.

Print and digital outlets are represented according to the local government areas that they report on. Upon adding each outlet, PIJI undertakes a basic assessment of the content output in order to determine this.

Radio and television outlets are represented according to the local government areas where they are licensed to broadcast. ACMA publishes a public registry of callsigns, their operators, and the broadcast licence areas in which they transmit, including maps of these areas. Using this information, PIJI has added each radio and television station to those local government areas that overlap with their broadcast licence areas.

Each approach has its strengths and weaknesses.

For publishers, assessing content output is a resource-intensive process, as is maintaining this data. Errors in coverage geographies may be introduced where the initial assessment is not representative of longer-term production, or where changes occur in the output over time.

A strength of the approach to mapping broadcasters is that the geographies are likely to remain comparatively stable. On the other hand, broadcast licence areas and local government areas rarely align, leading to situations where an LGA may have two or more overlapping broadcast areas within it. This would cause that LGA to be misrepresented as having a very high news density. This approach also creates a false equivalency between a news station being licensed to broadcast in an area, and actually transmitting in that area. Transmitting in a place also does not inherently suggest that local news is produced about that place.

The research reason for this distinction in how we map publishers and broadcasters is that we are not able to independently verify news production for the latter group. While we can remotely audit print and digital news content relatively easily, it is much more difficult to reliably access radio or television news programming from outside of their broadcast areas. In almost all cases there are no public digital archives of news content available, meaning that assessments must be done on live streams. This is a significant barrier to independent scrutiny, and not one that PIJI is resourced to overcome.

Determining local geographies by the content produced by an outlet is a strongly preferred approach, despite the challenges, in part because it helps to identify where there may be undersupply. Content assessments are stronger evidence of this than availability alone.

Data collection and maintenance

News outlet and entity data is assembled by the Public Interest Journalism Initiative from public sources. Analysis of news outlets against with eligibility standards for inclusion in the project is undertaken independently and relies on public access to relevant policies and content.

Data is actively maintained. It is updated monthly with new assessments and to reflect incoming information about changes to news outlets and their operations. However, due to the volume and complexity of the data being maintained, it is not possible to reverify every record every month. Therefore, there may be inconsistencies and errors in the data as things change over time.

Market changes

This project also monitors a broader set of changes in the Australian news market beyond just the opening and closing of individual outlets. These changes are categorised as different 'change types'.

The change types collected, listed in terms of the hierarchy, are:

- i. Masthead or station opening / closing; meaning an entire news outlet opening or closing.
- ii. Newsroom closure / opening; meaning a news company removing or adding a base from which to conduct news production, that having an impact on its coverage area. This change type only captures instances where there is an assumed change to the amount of localised news production (such as AAP opening a new bureau in Darwin); it does not include an outlet moving into new premises without a probable reduction in content (for example, when The Age's Melbourne CBD newsroom moved into Nine Entertainment's Melbourne CBD studios).
- iii. Decrease / increase in service; meaning changes in the amount of content that is produced, or, rarely, the availability of that content. Most often this category has captured observable changes in public interest journalism output, but it can also include the launch of a new access point for existing content. It can include changes to print publication frequency, but does not include print distribution area changes.
- iv. End / start of print edition; meaning changes in availability without a corresponding change in production. A newspaper that transitions to digital-only publication without reducing its coverage is an example.

- v. Merger / demerger, meaning the coverage and/or content area of one news outlet being absorbed into another without a corresponding change in production. This change type is treated as a contraction but is the lowest level of concern.

Some caveats around this project are necessary to avoid misinterpretation of the data.

The first caveat is to acknowledge that the market changes captured are broader than ‘closures’ and ‘openings’ of news outlets. ‘Contractions’ is not a synonym for ‘closures’; it is a broader category of negative changes to news production and availability. This report is updated regularly in order to demonstrate the difference.

The data is likely to be an undercount of changes that have occurred. It is actively maintained by PIJ and contributions are received from news organisations, from civil society and academia, and from the public. Even then, we do not have visibility into all news production and availability around Australia, and do not presume to have a complete log of all changes that have occurred since 1 January 2019.

The way that data is recorded in the database also leads to undercounts in two subtly different ways: in changes that occur over time, and in multiple changes that occur simultaneously as part of one event. Each news publication is entered in the database only once, and only the most recent and most serious change type is represented. Where an event involves multiple change types it is logged as the highest ranked category to which it fits. This means that:

- If a news website was founded in January 2019; launched a print edition in April; closed that print edition in September and closed entirely by December, only the most serious (and, secondly, most recent) change – the ‘Masthead or station closure’ in December – would be recorded, despite the multiple other positive and negative changes to production and availability across the period.
- If the closure of a print news outlet was logged, the event would have necessarily involved the end of a print edition; a decrease in service and the closure of a newsroom, but it would be only logged as a ‘Masthead or station closure’, as that change type ranks highest on the hierarchy.

The data also flattens the complexity of what is gained and lost by not having any assessment of the output, institutional characteristics or content of the news companies: the closure of a newspaper with ten working journalists appears equivalent to the opening of a website of one. Clearly these two events would have very different impacts on the production and availability of news, but it is beyond this project’s scope to assess for every change.

For these reasons caution must be taken in drawing conclusions about the general health of the news media ecosystem from this data alone.

Two further hypotheticals provide reasons for caution:

1. A news media ecosystem in which many news entrepreneurs had the confidence and the capital to establish organisations and outlets, the majority of which might fail, could be a healthy environment of public interest journalism production and competition but might appear in our data like a failing system due to the high number of closures.
2. A news media ecosystem in which all journalism was produced by a single company could be an uncompetitive environment or be failing to meet community need for diverse and locally relevant content, but would look healthy in our data if that one company was stable or growing.

Due to limited resources and the significant methodological difficulty in ensuring rigour, this project does not record any information about journalism job gains and losses.

Despite these caveats we do believe that the Australian News Data Project and its reports offer information that, in combination with other research, can provide insight into the changing nature of journalism production and availability in Australia.

4 About the Public Interest Journalism Initiative

The Public Interest Journalism Initiative (PIJI) is a specialist think tank advancing a sustainable future for public interest journalism in Australia.

Through our original research and advocacy work, we seek to stimulate public discussion and establish optimal market pre-conditions in investment and regulation that will sustain media diversity and plurality in the long term.

PIJI is a registered charity with tax concession charity (TCC) status. It is a philanthropically funded, non-profit company limited by guarantee (ABN 69 630 740 153) governed by a Board of independent directors, advised by an Expert Research Panel and Policy Working Group and regulated by the ACNC, ATO and ASIC.

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